

Summary of Economic Sustainability Models Breakout Session

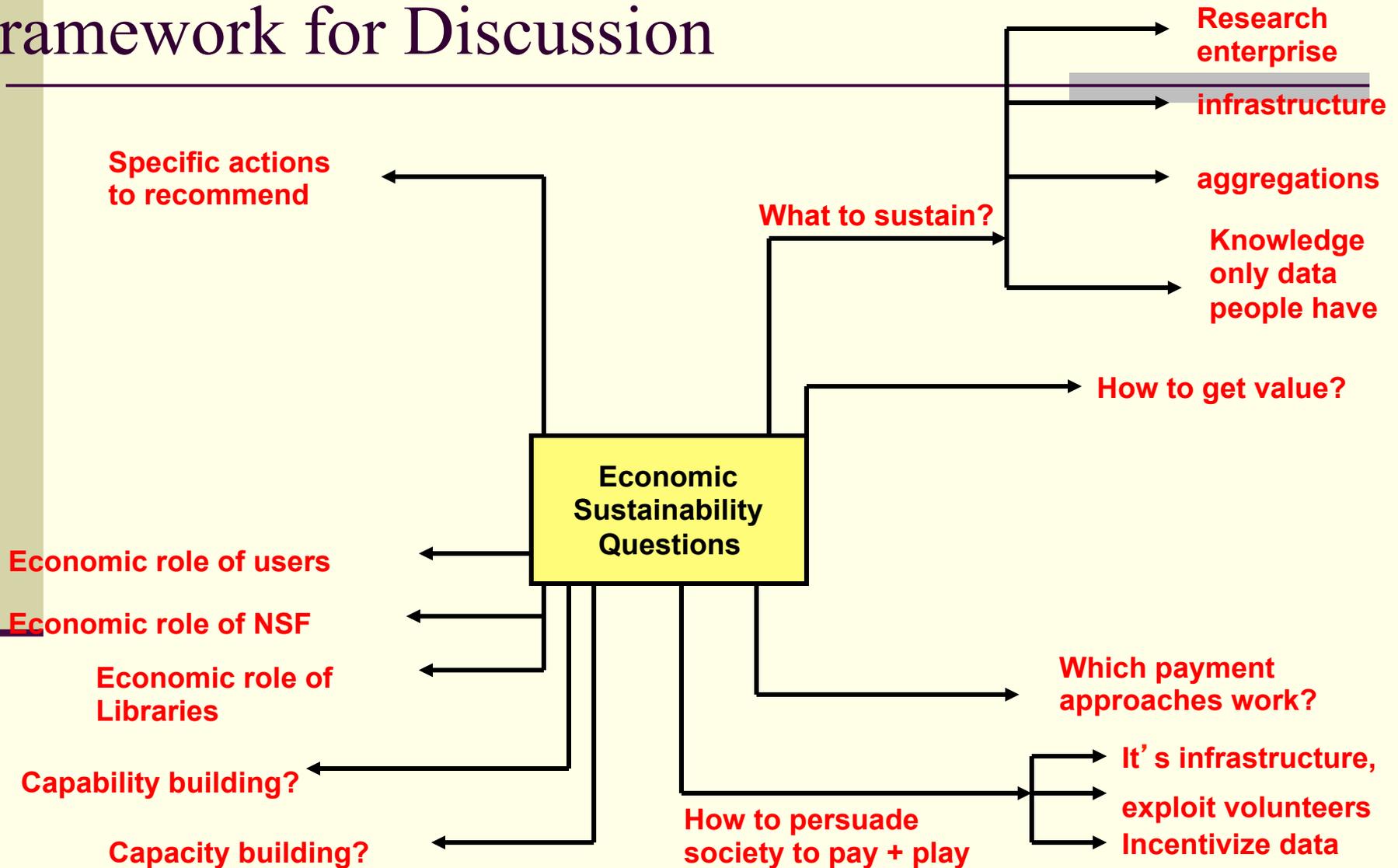
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Focus: Economic Sustainability

What models are required to sustain data management and preservation efforts over the long term?

Chris' Mindmap Provided a Framework for Discussion



What economic models are relevant?

- The group began the discussion by describing the economic models which support their current activities.
- During the discussion, we discussed a spectrum of traditional and non-traditional related economic models including
 - **ICPSR** (subscription, user fees, federal, private funding)
 - **The Mormon Church** (tithing, user fees, sales)
 - **PBS** (donations, federal, state?, volunteers [donated time, expertise], sales)
 - **Volunteer** activity (archiving @ home)
 - **Markets** (DRI, data “futures”, shares, etc.)
 - **Hybrid** (federal+state, public+private, etc.)

A thought experiment: Abstracting ICPSR

- **What has made ICPSR successful as a model?**
 - Robust environment with low barrier to access
 - Content which is of great value
 - Business model and structure which reflect the culture of the domain and constituent users
 - Useful tools associated with data
 - Trusted repository

Key to start from state-of-the-art rather than to reinvent the wheel

- **Economic sustainability models should utilize existing theory and practice as a foundation** – critical to have economists and sustainable infrastructure expertise in the discussion.
 - This is **symptomatic of a more general problem** – we shouldn't reinvent the wheel in economics, business, archiving, etc. Rather we should use the existing knowledge and experience base as a starting off point
 - This will mean the need for venues for more in-depth cross-cultural discussion and projects to help educate communities
- **Preservation will require both research into new viable models, and experimentation with new ideas**
 - Five years is short for an experiment, 5+5 is better
 - Risk taking: failure is an option!

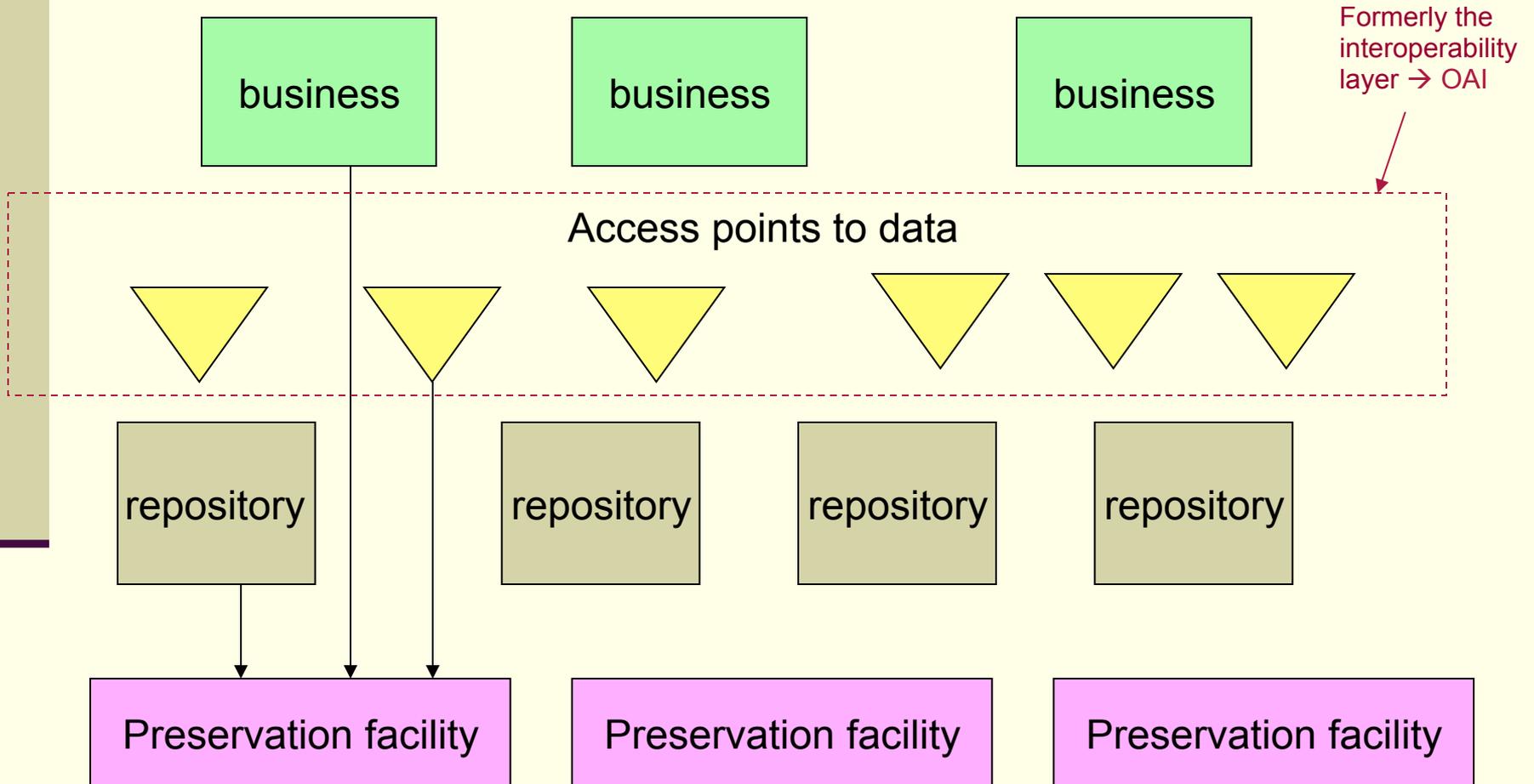
Many “building block” issues

- How do researchers and librarians sort through the **legal and policy issues** regarding ownership, use, confidentiality, privacy, liability etc.?
- What is the **minimal level of service** that makes data preservation worthwhile?
- What is the **cost of not keeping data**? When is it productive to re-compute, replicate experiments, re-do?
- What is the **data version of the “Earth Simulator”**? (i.e. what is the newsworthy item that will get U.S. competitive juices flowing and help generate new funding for data management and preservation)

Interesting Issues

- Large projects doing a reasonable job of putting data on the radar. **Small projects are the most at risk.**
- **Most libraries do not currently host substantive research data** – both library and research community need more experience with one another's cultures. Is there a way NSF can help foster greater engagement?
- **Good infrastructure must have a plan for “the end”** – how do we reappraise if necessary, how do we hand-off, how do we become self-sufficient?

Eric's Updated Version of the Cliff Lynch model



“Actionable” Recommendations 1

“We don’t get anywhere if we don’t start somewhere.”

1. **Involve economics and social science experts** in developing economic models for sustainable data preservation – research should ultimately generate models which could be tested in practice.
2. **Set up multiple repositories and treat them as experiments**
 - Require that repository experiments develop plans to address key issues such as transition between media/formats/institutions, self-sustainability, exit strategy, etc.
3. **Develop usable and useful tools for automated services and standards** which make it easier to understand and manipulate data. Develop incentives to encourage community use. Invisible metadata creation!

“Actionable” Recommendations 2

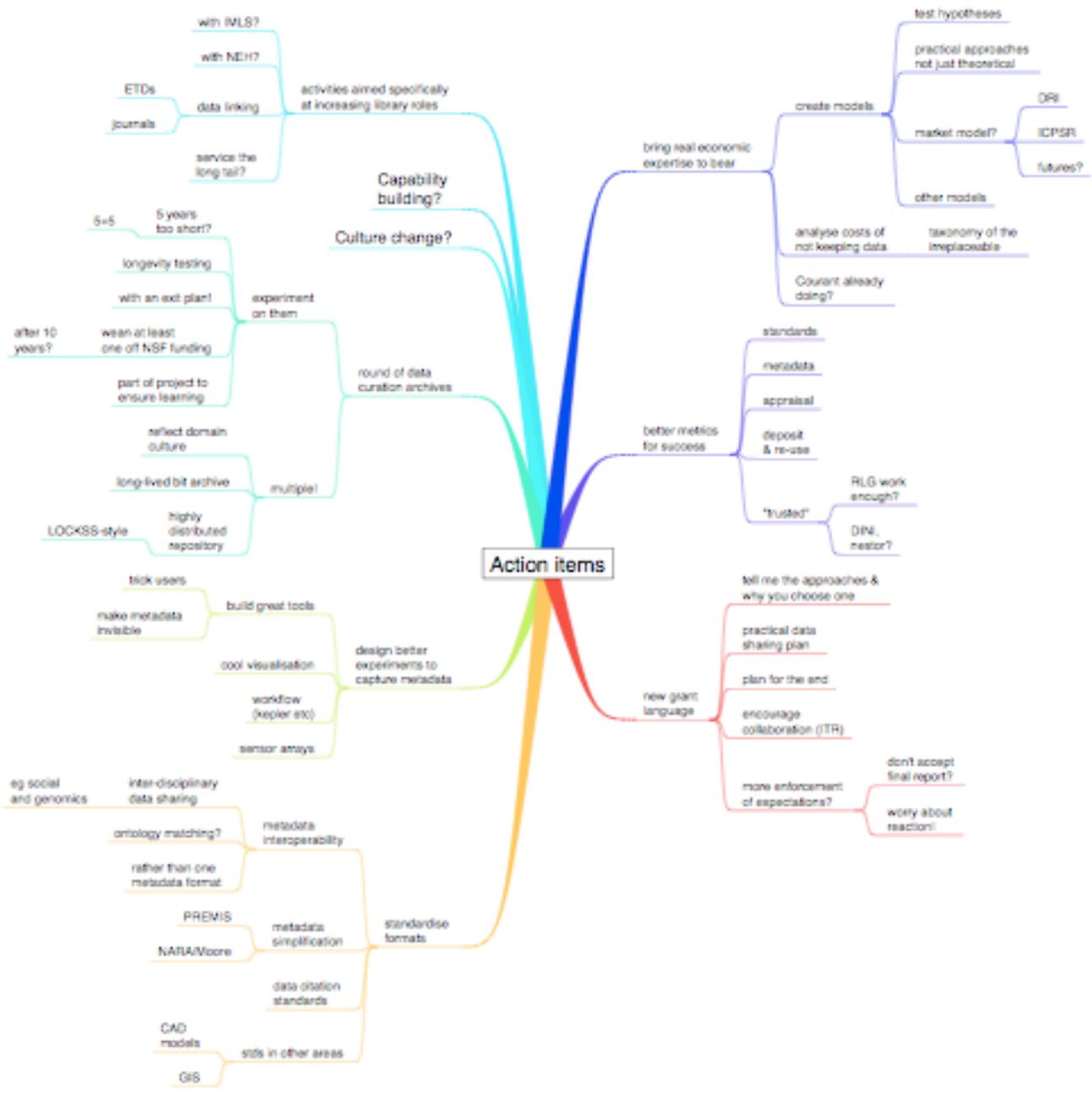
4. **Require data sharing plan in proposals** that has practical value (and appropriate support). Plans for resource and reference data should contribute to community data stewardship
5. **Create and enforce data sharing policies among NSF awardees** (e.g. final report not accepted unless awardee is compliant with stated data management plan)
6. **Use NSF program process to help the library community take more responsibility** for the stewardship of research data (with other funders?)

“Actionable” Recommendations 3

7. **Use NSF program process to change culture** in research community
8. Undertake **capacity & capability** building activities

A Bolder Vision? Remember Dli!

- **US Digital Curation Initiative**
 - **A major, inter-disciplinary, cross-directorate, inter-agency program**, with options built in for **international collaboration** (UK, EU, Australia at least), that will both experiment on models and build sustainable curation services!



Bring real economic expertise to bear

- Create models
 - test hypotheses
 - practical approaches not just theoretical
 - market model?
 - DRI, ICPSR, futures?
 - other models
- Analyse costs of not keeping data
 - taxonomy of the irreplaceable
- Courant already doing?

Design better metrics for success

- Standards
- Metadata
- Appraisal
- Deposit & re-use
- "trusted"
 - RLG work enough?
 - DINI, nestor?

New grant language

- Practical data sharing plan
 - tell me the approaches & why you choose one
- Plan for the end
- Encourage collaboration (cf ITR)
- More enforcement of expectations?
 - don't accept final report?
 - worry about reaction!

Work to standardise formats

- Metadata interoperability
 - inter-disciplinary data sharing
 - eg social and genomics
- Preservation metadata simplification
 - PREMIS
 - NARA/Moore
- data citation standards & promotion
 - To change culture
- Support standards in other areas
 - CAD models, GIS, etc

Design better tools & experiments

- Sensor arrays & other experimental engineering to capture metadata
- Build great tools
 - Robust, reliable, useful, usable
 - “trick users”, make metadata generation invisible
 - Eg cool visualisation, workflow (Kepler etc)

New round of data curation archives

- Multiple!
 - reflect domain cultures
- Experiment on them (take risks)
 - 5 years too short- 5+5?
 - with an exit plan!
 - longevity testing
 - part of project to ensure learning
 - wean at least one off NSF funding
 - after 10 years?

New round of data curation archives

- Specific possibilities
 - long-lived bit archive
 - Build on IR work
 - highly distributed repositories
 - LOCKSS-style
 - Archiving @ home

Activities aimed specifically at increasing library roles

- Libraries have significant opportunities to extend their roles in info discovery, archiving etc in research data
- Partnerships with domain researchers
- Forum for outreach & scientific communication
- Data linking from
 - ETDs
 - journals
- Capacity building opportunities in library education etc with NEH and/or IMLS?

Other things

- Capability building
 - Education: librarians, data scientists, researchers
- Capacity building
- Culture change?